



**PRF**

Composite Materials

**Q.TOOL**

UK PATENT PENDING

# A new approach to carbon tool manufacture

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# Background: Standard tooling systems

- › The manufacture of carbon mould tooling is well established, typically:  
Carbon tooling                      200 gsm Twill 2x2 surface plies  
   645gsm twill 2 x 2 bulk plies
- › Traditional 1:8:1 tooling systems offer: Twill 2 x 2 surface ply provides a drapeable material to mould over complex shapes; good surface finish when properly debulked. Bulk plies are used to build thickness; traditionally these are twill weave - selected for drapeability and to mitigate the risk of laying the fabric the wrong side down.
- › Demand in the market for 1:4:1/1:5:1 carbon tooling: the advantages of reducing time required in carbon tool manufacture.

The well-known, industry standard tooling layup has been around since the 1980s, and whilst there have been attempts to produce a system by which tools could be made more quickly, these have had limited success particularly with the reliability of achieving a very good surface finish. Q.tool is a new approach to carbon tool manufacture, providing a brand new technology to the market.

# Issues with 1:5:1

**1:5:1 has not infiltrated the market as expected. With its time saving advantages, we looked to understand the issues:**

- › Twill 2 x 2 is the most commonly used fabric to make composite tools, has each weft fibre tow passing over 2 warp fibre tows and then under 2, across the width of the fabric. Each subsequent weft fibre is offset creating a pattern that gives a diagonal appearance.
- › The slope of the fibres create areas of enclosed free space; volume within the fabric not filled with fibre. These areas, when filled with matrix, are the areas where air in the prepreg will migrate.
- › Heavier fabrics made from carbon tow with higher linear density will have more crimp and consequently more enclosed free space.
- › Insufficient consolidation will lead to pinholing in the surface layer and porosity throughout the thickness of the tool laminate stack.

# A new approach

## Our initial aims at the beginning of development:

- › Production of a carbon tool in 7 layers, 1:5:1, that for most applications will completely replace the common 1:8:1 construction.
- › A new design of bulk ply that has the same mass of fibre in 5 layers as the conventional 1:8:1 construction, i.e. c.5100 gsm.
- › A balanced layup, both interlayer and intralayer.
- › A highly drapeable and well-impregnated bulk ply.
- › Reduce the number of debulks to a maximum of 2.
- › Reduce the amount of vacuum bag consumable materials – mostly plastic.
- › Reduce the layup time by a minimum 33%.

**Create a new, unique tooling system to manufacture composite tools in less time and with less expense.**

# What we achieved

## Now developed, Q.tool prepreg tooling technology provides:

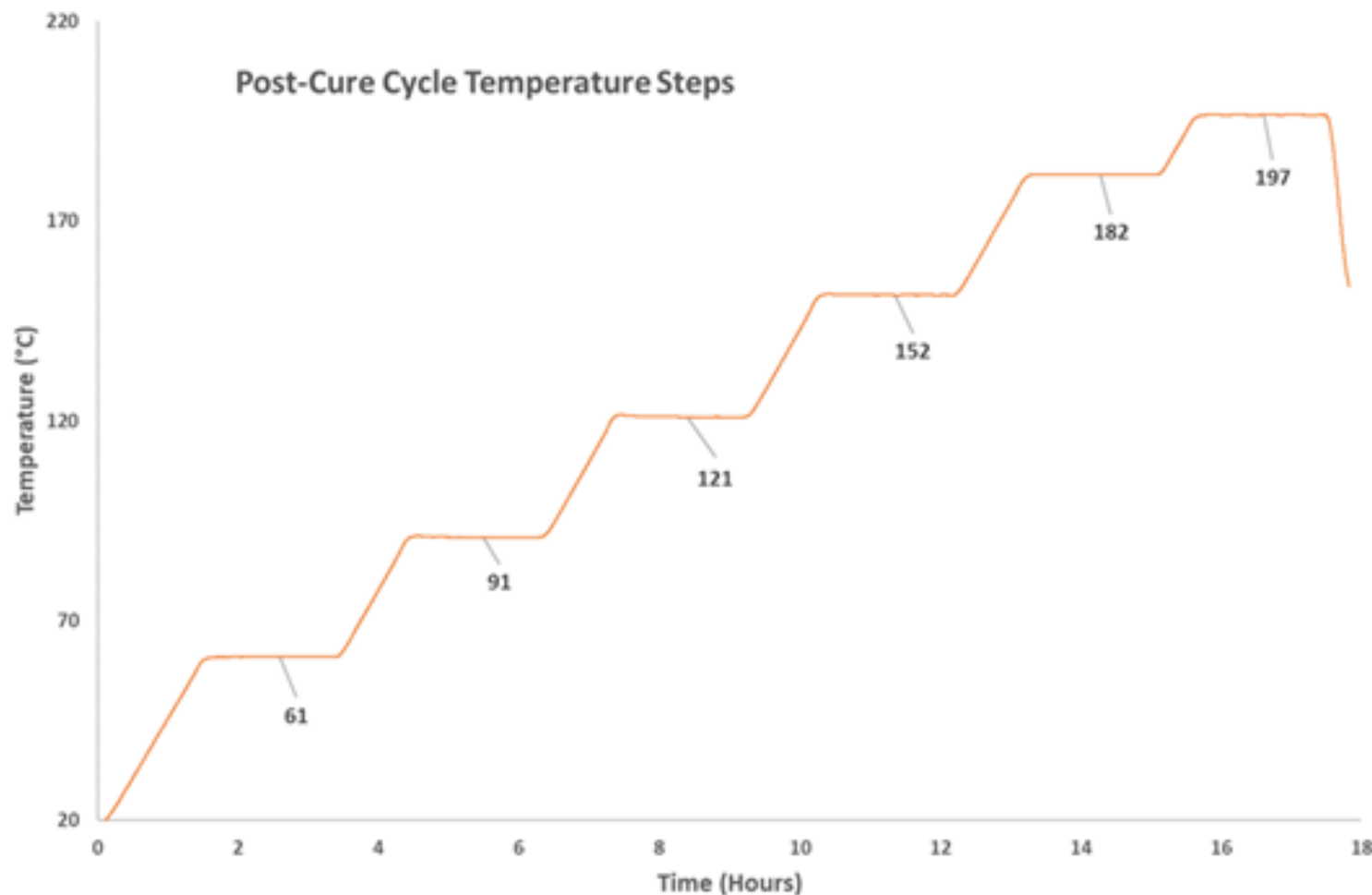
- › Over 50% saving in labour/time compared with established materials and methods
- › Reduces required debulks to as few as 1
- › Improved mould surface finish
- › Reduced through-thickness porosity
- › Exceptional drapeability – will easily mould complex shapes
- › Reduction of plastic and other vacuum bag consumables
- › Increase in reliability; the design of the material decreases the risk of errors in laying up
- › Reduces energy required in manufacturing and considerable reduction of consumable plastic – provides improved sustainability
- › **UK Patent Pending – this is a unique tooling technology**



## Q.tool prepreg system: RP800 Epoxy tooling prepreg

### Key properties:

- › Flexible cure cycles:
  - › 45°C - 12h
  - › 50°C - 8h
  - › 70°C - 5h
- › Post cure: 195°C
- › Out life – 6 days at 20°C
- › Tack life – 5 days at 20°C
- › Excellent and durable tool surface finish, even after repeat mouldings







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# Case Study

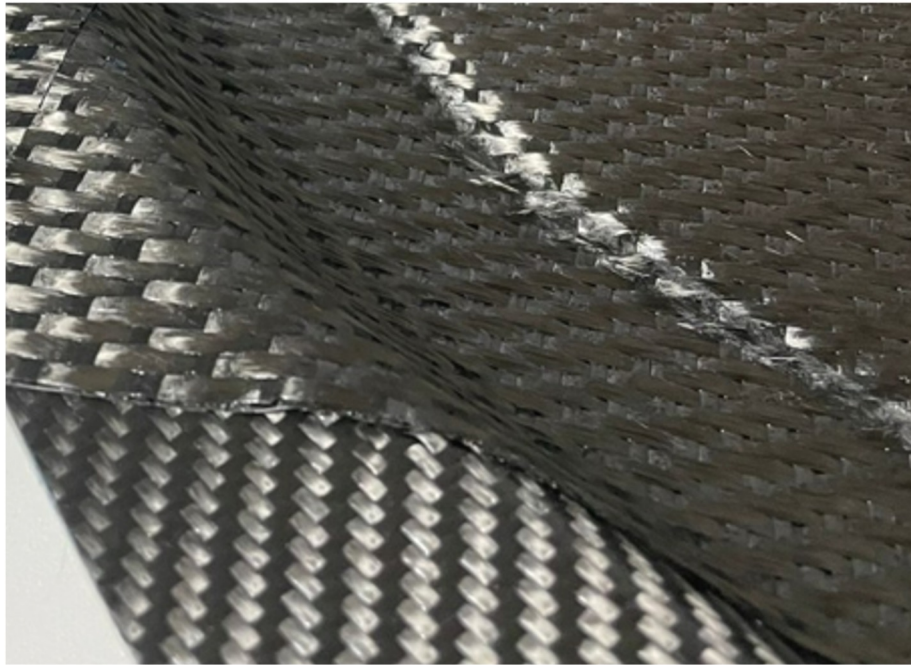
## Piran Advanced Composites:

- › Have chosen to use Q.tool with the aim of reducing manufacturing time in tooling layup.
- › Being trialled on two separate projects: large structure minimal contours and high volume, compact tools with more complex geometries.
- › On both projects, there is a significant time saving due to the material being supplied in squares – kit cutting operation has been eliminated and stock control activities reduced.
- › Good drapability of surface and bulk ply, so no limitations from the bulk ply being thicker vs. not being able to manufacture complex geometries.



### **Benefit of using Q.tool on large structure, minimal contour tools:**

- › Majority of tiles can be laminated whole, reducing layup time, number of cuts and number of blades.
- › As minimal contours exist, bulk ply drapability was not crucial and no issues from ply thickness were encountered.

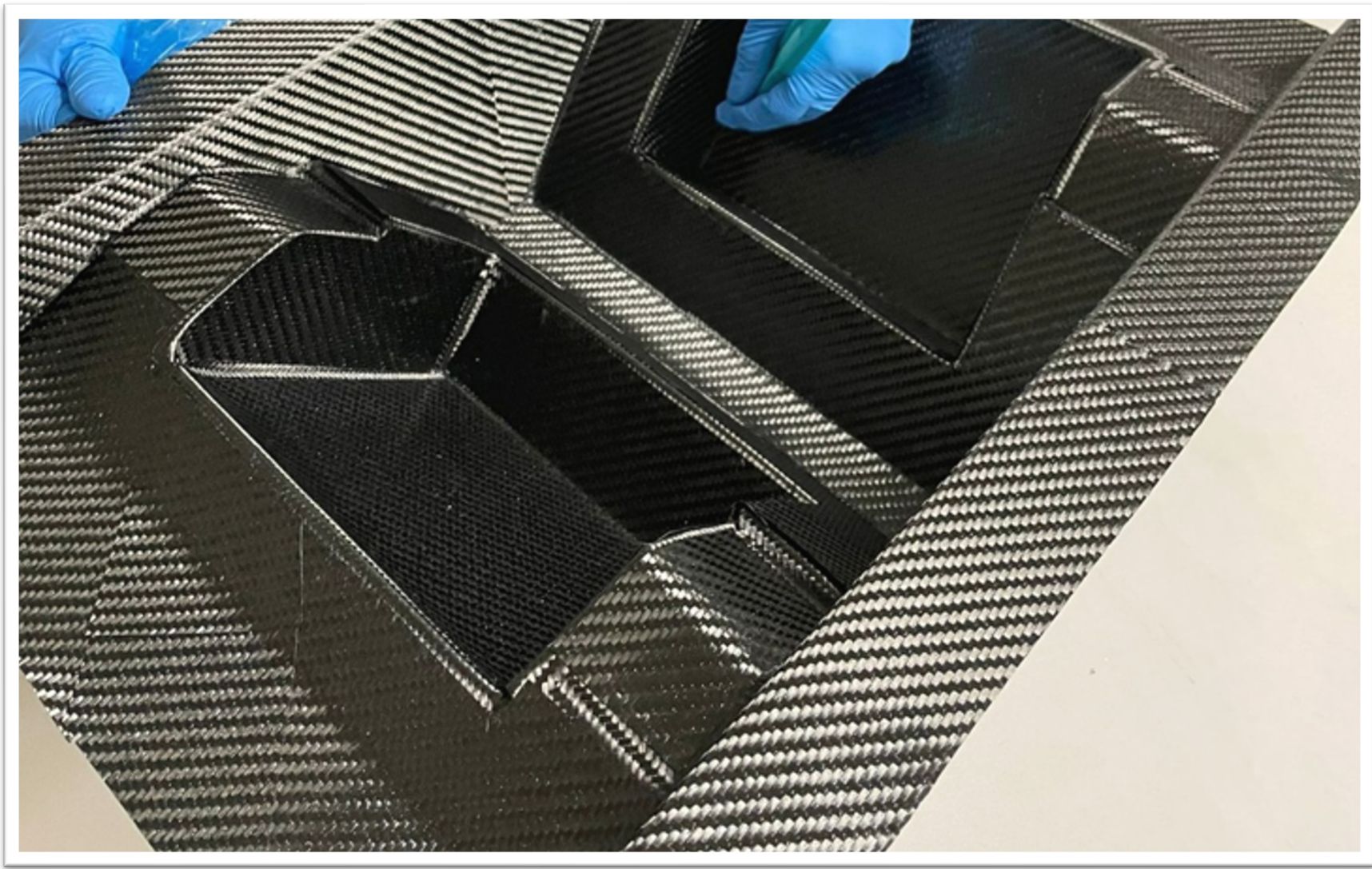


### **Benefit of using Q-tool on high volume, compact tools with more complex geometries:**

- › Less debulks required = considerable time saving
- › Laminating time increased per bulk ply due to the added thickness and difficulty cutting, but when balanced against the reduction in ply, the overall laminating time is lower.













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- › Total saving of time/labour over 50%
- › Reduced number of debulks, to as few as one
- › Considerable financial savings on consumables
- › Improved tool quality and exceptional surface finish, from our highly drapable prepreg technology
- › Available from stock, cut into tile kits ready to use and we can also deliver boxless – in our new cradle – removing some of the unnecessary packaging that will go to waste.
- › Our new Fast to freeze process – we have developed a process to manufacture, cut and freeze our prepreg in less than 6 hours, significantly preserving the material's out life in our tile kits.
- › A more sustainable tooling system, providing significant energy savings and reduced use of consumable plastic.



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***Doing things differently***

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